

St. Xavier's College (Autonomous),
Mumbai



Syllabus of the courses offered by the
Department of Zoology
(2018-19)



St. Xavier's College – Autonomous Mumbai

Syllabus For I Semester Courses in Zoology (June 2018 onwards)

Contents:

Theory Syllabus for Courses:

S.Zoo.1.01 - Invertebrate Systematics and Biomolecules

S.Zoo.1.02 - Genetics and Evolution

Practical Syllabus for Course: S.Zoo.1.PR

F.Y.B.Sc. Zoology

S.ZOO.1.01

INVERTEBRATE SYSTEMATICS AND BIOMOLECULES

Learning Objectives:

- To teach student basic classification and characteristics of invertebrates and special adaptations of these phyla
- To understand the structure and functioning of basic biomolecules.

UNIT I

INVERTEBRATE CLASSIFICATION –I

15 lectures

- Salient features and adaptations for Phyla and classes.
 - Phylum Protozoa – Reproduction and Skeleton
 - Phylum Porifera- Spicules, canal system
 - Phylum Coelenterata / Cnidaria – Polymorphism, Corals and Coral reefs
 - Phylum Platyhelminthes – Parasitic adaptations in helminthes
 - Phylum Nematoda – Life cycle of ascaris

UNIT II

INVERTEBRATE CLASSIFICATION –II

15 lectures

- Salient features and adaptations for Phyla and classes.
 - Phylum Annelida – Metamerism and Reproduction
 - Phylum Arthropoda – Crustacean larvae
 - Phylum Mollusca – Foot and shells, Torsion
 - Phylum Echinodermata – Water vascular system

UNIT III

BIOMOLECULES

15 lectures

- **Proteins:**
 - Amino acids: Structure and types of amino acids (aliphatic, aromatic, essential, non-essential amino acids)
 - Definition and structure (primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary) and types of proteins (fibrous, globular, homonomous, heteronomous and oligomeric)
 - Biological role of proteins.
- **Carbohydrates:**
 - Definition of carbohydrates and its classification with egs. Monosaccharides – Glucose, fructose, galactose. Disaccharides – maltose, sucrose, lactose. Polysaccharides – Starch, glycogen, cellulose, chitin and heparin
 - Biological role of Carbohydrates
- **Lipids:**
 - Definition of Lipids, properties and its classification with egs.
 - Essential fatty acids and its importance
 - Biological role of lipids
- **Nucleic acids:**
 - Definition of nucleic acids and its types – DNA and RNA

F.Y.B.Sc. Zoology

S.ZOO.1.02

GENETICS AND EVOLUTION

Learning Objectives:

- To understand the fundamentals of Mendelian genetics and its application
- To understand the basic molecular mechanisms in Mendelian genetics
- To be acquainted with the basics of evolution and the driving forces for the same

UNIT 1

MENDELIAN GENETICS

(20 lectures)

- Concept of gene and allele in genetics
- Concept of Dominance, Segregation and Independent Assortment
- Mendelian Monohybrid inheritance
- Exceptions to Monohybrid inheritance: Lethal genes, Co-dominance and Incomplete dominance.
- Mendelian Dihybrid inheritance.
- Variations of Dihybrid inheritance: Recessive Epistasis, Dominant Epistasis, Inhibitory gene interaction.
- Multiple Alleles: Concept. Human Blood group system and Coat colour in Rabbits: Understanding the emergence of these multiple allelic systems
- Cytoplasmic inheritance: Kappa particles in Paramecium, Shell coiling in Snails

UNIT 2

HUMAN GENETICS

(10 lectures)

- Mendelian genetics in humans:
 - Autosomal Dominant inheritance: Huntington's chorea disorder,
 - Autosomal recessive inheritance: Harlequin-type Ichthyosis
 - X-linked recessive inheritance: Duchenne muscular dystrophy,
 - X-linked Dominant inheritance: Rett Syndrome.
- Human pedigree analysis based on inheritance patterns.
- Chromosomal Abberations: - Numerical abnormality: Monosomy – Turner Syndrome; Tetrasomy/Trisomy – Down Syndrome.

UNIT 3

EVOLUTION

(15 lectures)

- Why study evolution
- Theories of Evolution:
 - Prebiotic evolution
 - Panspermia
 - Biotic evolution
- Concept of Microevolution and Co-evolution
- Factors affecting Evolution: Natural Selection, Genetic Drift, Mutation, Migration
- Speciation mechanisms: Allopatric and Sympatric speciation
- Isolating mechanisms in nature: Spatial, Ethological, Reproductive

Recommended References:

1. Genetics – Strickberger. CB publications
2. iGenetics – Russel.
3. Genetics – Gardener
4. Genetics – Winchester. Oxford IBH publication
5. Principles of Genetic - Sinnott, Dunn and Dobzansky. McGraw Hill Publication
6. Basic human genetics - E.J.Mange and A.P.Mange. Rastogi Publication

CIA modalities:

CIA I – Short answers for 5 marks each with options

CIA II – Multiple choice questions/ Crosswords/True or False/Fill in the blanks/Definitions

Practical Course:

1. Modification of feet in Birds
2. Modification of beaks in Birds
3. Study of fossil and living fossils: Ammonite, Trilobite, Lingula, Limulus
4. Human Pedigree analysis: X-linked recessive, X-linked dominant, autosomal dominant, autosomal recessive trait
5. Multiple alleles
6. Study of Geological Time Scales



St. Xavier's College – Autonomous Mumbai

Syllabus For II Semester Courses in Zoology (November 2018 onwards)

Contents:

Theory Syllabus for Courses:

S.Zoo.2.01 - Vertebrate Systematics and Ecology

S.Zoo.2.02 - Biotechniques and Comparative Physiology

Practical Syllabus for Course: S.Zoo.2.PR

F.Y.B.Sc. Zoology

S.ZOO.2.01

VERTEBRATE SYSTEMATICS AND ECOLOGY

Learning Objectives:

- To teach student basic classification and characteristics of vertebrates and special adaptations of these phyla
- To understand how environment affects distribution of animals

UNIT 1

LOWER CHORDATE CLASSIFICATION

(15 lectures)

- Phylum Hemichordata
- Phylum Chordata
 - Subphylum Urochordata
 - Subphylum Cephalochordata.

UNIT 2

VERTEBRATE CLASSIFICATION

(15 lectures)

- Subphylum Vertebrata
 - ❖ Superclass: Agnatha
 - Class Cyclostomata
 - ❖ Superclass: Gnathostomata
 - Class Pisces – swimbladder, breeding and parental care
 - Class Amphibia – neoteny and parental care
 - Class Reptilia – adaptive radiation
 - Class Aves - Migration
 - Class Mammalia – Prototheria, Metatheria, Eutheria and Marine Mammals

UNIT 3

ECOLOGY

(15 lectures)

- Concept of Ecosystem
- Concept of energy flow, food chain and food web
- Concept of biogeochemical cycles (Carbon, oxygen, nitrogen, phosphorus and water cycles)
- Human activities affecting biogeochemical cycles
- Ecological niches and adaptation
- Biodiversity Definition of Biodiversity hotspots, benefits of biodiversity, Conservation of biodiversity, biotic and abiotic theories of species richness
- Abiotic factors and distribution patterns

Recommended References:

1. Vertebrates by Kotpal
2. Chordate Zoology by Dhami and Dhami
3. Vertebrates by Jordan and Verma
4. Ecology: Principles and application by Chapman and Reiss
5. Essentials of Ecology by Tyler and Miller
6. Biodiversity by SVS Rana

CIA modalities:

CIA I – Short answers for 5 marks each with options

CIA II – Multiple choice questions/ Crosswords/True or False/Fill in the blanks/Definitions

Practical Course:

1. Determination of pH of soil
2. Estimation of Dissolved Oxygen in the water sample
3. Estimation of Hardness of water in the water sample
4. Study and identification of Foraminiferan shells
5. Estimation of frequency, density and dominance
6. Vertebrate classification:
Hemichordata: Balanoglossus
Urochordata: Ascidia, Salpa, Herdmania
Cephalochordata: Amphioxus
Cyclostomata: Petromyzon, Myxine, Ammocoete larva
Pisces: Chondrichthyes – Shark, sting ray, electric ray
Osteichthyes – Flying fish, Puffer fish and Sea horse
Amphibia: Frog, toad, Caecilian, salamander, Siren
Reptilia: Chameleon, Calotes/Gecko, turtle, tortoise, snake, crocodile,
Phrynosoma
Aves: Kite, duck, Owl
Mammalia: Hedgehog, Bat, Guinea pig and Marine Mammals (Dugong, Blue
Whale, Dolphin)
7. Parental Care : Bony fish (Siamese fighter, Tilapia and Guppy), Mid wife toad and
Surinam toad
8. Neoteny : Axolotl larva
9. Adaptive radiations: sea snake, rattle snake, flying lizard
10. Study of swim bladders in fish

Field Trip: Field visit to Tungareshwar or SGNP

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F.Y.B.Sc. Zoology

S.ZOO.2.02

BIOTECHNIQUES AND COMPARATIVE PHYSIOLOGY

Learning Objectives:

- To help students appreciate the complexity of systems and differences in the physiology of animals.
- To understand different techniques used in biology

UNIT 1

BIOTECHNIQUES

(15 lectures)

- Concept of sterilization: Filtration, Dry heat sterilization, Wet sterilization, Radiation.
- Preparation of solutions: Molar, Normal, Percent solutions, PPM, PPB, Dilutions — serial dilutions
- Separation of Biomolecules:
 - Chromatography: Principle and applications i) Paper ii) Thin Layer iii) Ion exchange
 - Electrophoresis: Paper and gel (Agarose and Polyacrylamide)
- Cell counting techniques: Use of haemocytometer (by using suitable stain)
- Principles of different types of microscopes: a) Simple b) Compound c) Phase contrast d) Electron e) Fluorescence f) Confocal.

UNIT 2

COMPARATIVE PHYSIOLOGY 1

(15 lectures)

- Movement and locomotion:
 - Amoeboid movement
 - Ultrastructure of cilia and ciliary movement
 - Ultrastructure of myofibril and sliding filament theory
 - Action of muscle (Role of muscle in movement)
- Nutrition:
 - Animals without alimentary canal e.g. Amoeba
 - Animals with incomplete alimentary canal e.g. Hydra
 - Animals with complete alimentary canal e.g. Bird
 - Brief account of physiology of digestion in vertebrates and symbiotic digestion in Ruminants.
- Respiration:
 - Types of respiratory surfaces: Trachea, spiracles, gills, lungs of Frog and Human, Air sacs of birds.
- Circulation:
 - Types of circulating fluids: Water, coelomic fluids, lymph and blood.
 - Types of circulation: Protoplasmic streaming
 - Open and closed circulation, single and double circulation.
 - Heart in Daphnia, cockroach and chordates
 - Structure of cardiac muscle.



St. Xavier's College – Autonomous Mumbai

Syllabus For III Semester Courses in Zoology (June 2018 onwards)

Contents:

Theory Syllabus for Courses:

S.Zoo.3.01- Ethology and Parasitology

S.Zoo.3.02 - Biostatistics and Evolution

S.Zoo.3.03 - Advanced Genetics and Bioinformatics

Practical Syllabus for Course: S.Zoo.3.PR

S.Y.B.Sc. Zoology

S.ZOO.3.01

ETHOLOGY AND PARASITOLOGY

Learning Objectives:

- To enable students understand animal strategies and interactions and emphasize the importance of behaviour for survival.
- To help students gain an in depth understanding of some disease causing protozoan and helminth parasites

UNIT 1

ANIMAL LEARNING:

(15 lectures)

- Associative and instrumental learning
- Insight learning and Cognition
- Constraints of learning
- Animal interactions

UNIT 2

ETHOLOGY

(15 lectures)

- Ontogeny of behaviour and sensitive periods during development
- Environmental influence on behaviour
- Communication in animals
- Adaptive strategies (ESS) and foraging strategies in animals

UNIT 3

PARASITOLOGY

(15 lectures)

- Parasites (Ectoparasites, Endoparasites, Digenetic, temporary, Permanent, Facultative)
- Hosts (Definitive, Intermediate, paratenic, reservoir)
- Morphology , mode of infection, life cycle, pathogenicity, prophylaxis and treatment of
- Protozoan parasites – *Entamoeba histolytica*, *Leishmania donovani*, *Plasmodium vivax*, *Typanosoma gambiense*, *Giardia intestinalis*.
- Helminth Parasites – *Taenia solium*, *Ancylostoma duodenale*, *Wuchereria bancrofti*, *Ascaris lumbricoides*, *Dracunculus medinensis*

Recommended References:

1. Animal Behaviour – Mechanism, Ecology, Evolution by Drickamer, Vessey, Jakob
2. Animal Behaviour – Its development, Ecology and Evolution by Robert A Wallace. Goodyear Publishing Company
3. Animal Behaviour by David McFarland. Pitman Publishing Ltd
4. Textbook of Animal behaviour by F.B.Mandal. PHI
5. Behaviour by M. Dockery and M Reiss. Cambridge University press.
6. Introduction to Animal Behaviour by Manning and Dawkins. Cambridge Univ. Press
7. Animal Parasitology by JD Smyth. Cambridge University Press
8. Parasitology - Protozoology & Helminthology by K.D. Chatterjee
9. Essentials of Human Parasitology by Judith S Heelan, Frances W Ingersoll. Delmar Thomson Learning
10. Medical Parasitology - A Practical approach by S.H.Gillespie and P.M. Hawkey. Oxford Univ Press
11. Manson's Tropical Diseases – P.H. Manson. Bahr Cassell and Co. Ltd.

CIA modalities:

CIA I – Short answers for 5 marks each with options

CIA II – Multiple choice questions /Presentations/Assignments

Practical Course:

1. Identification of Protozoan parasites – Entamoeba, Leishmania, Trypanosoma, Plasmodium, Giardia
2. Identification of Helminth parasites – Taenia, Ancylostoma, Wuchereria, Ascaris, Dracunculus
3. Parasitic adaptations – Taenia (scolex, proglottid), Trypanosoma, Entamoeba, Ascaris, Giardia
4. Mounting of mouthparts of mosquito/bed bug and house fly
5. Demonstrate wing cleaning in housefly and observation of feeding behaviour
6. Study of animal interactions
 - a. Parasitism (Ecto and Endo)
 - b. Mutualism
 - c. Commensalism
7. To study antennal grooming in cockroach
8. Study of optimal foraging strategies and ideal free distribution using guppy

S.Y.B.Sc. Zoology

S.ZOO.3.02

BIOSTATISTICS AND EVOLUTION

Learning Objectives:

- ❖ To learn basic concepts in statistics and their application in biology
- ❖ To understand basic framework of evolutionary biology

UNIT 1

INTRODUCTION TO STATISTICS

(15 lectures)

- Descriptive Statistics
 - Basic Statistical terminology, Sampling
 - Describing data - Measures of central tendency and dispersion & graphical representation
- Different types of distributions- Normal, Binomial, Poisson distributions, Central limit theorem and confidence interval
- Experimental Design

UNIT 2

INFERENCEAL STATISTICS

(15 lectures)

- Hypothesis testing
 - General framework,
 - Idea of probability,
 - Type I and II errors,
 - Idea of Significant difference
- Parametric tests - Z-test, t-test, G-test
- ANOVA
- Non-parametric tests – Wilcoxon test, Man-Whitney U test
- Regression and Correlation

UNIT 3

EVOLUTION

(15 lectures)

- Natural selection: The driving force in evolution??
 - Darwins idea of natural selection
 - Do we really need fossils??
 - The missing Link. Is anything missing???
- Neo Darwinism: Natural selection revisited and remodified
- Evolution of genome/gene
- Phylogenetic Analysis
 - Phylogenetics – Use of sequence to decipher distance
 - Phylogenetic trees - Cladogram, Dendogram

Recommended References:

1. Biostatistics: A foundation for analysis: Daniel. Wiley Publishing House
2. Statistical Methods in Biology: Norman Bailey. Cambridge Low Price Edition
3. Choosing and Using Statistics: A Biologist's Guide: Calvin Dytham. Blackwell Publishing
4. Origin of Species – Charles Darwin.
5. Evolution: Mark Ridley. 3rd edition
6. Evolution: Douglas Futuyama. 3rd edition
7. What Evolution Is: Ernst Mayr

CIA modalities:

CIA I – Short answers for 5 marks each with options

CIA II – Multiple choice questions /Presentations/Assignments

Practical Course:

1. Descriptive Statistics – Central Tendency Problems
2. Descriptive Statistics – Dispersion Problems
3. Graphical Representation
4. Computers in biostatistics – Use of Excel and other softwares
5. Evolution in Jaw and cranium: Fish, Amphibian, Reptile, Bird, Mammal
6. From water to land: the evolution of limb in animals
7. Constructing phylogenetic trees.

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S.Y.B.Sc. Zoology

S.ZOO.3.03

ADVANCED GENETICS AND BIOINFORMATICS

Learning Objectives:

- This course aims at a comprehensive understanding of genetics and its varied applications whilst shedding light on more fundamental concepts of sex determination and mutations affecting genes.
- In Bioinformatics students are exposed at a basic level to the exciting world of fusion between IT and Biology and the enormous advances and uses of this field.

UNIT 1

GENETICS 1

(15 lectures)

- **Population Genetics**
 - Hardy-Weinberg equilibrium
 - Proof of HW equilibrium
 - Problems on HW equilibrium
- **Linkage Mapping**
 - Proof of crossing over
 - Two point cross
 - Three point cross
 - Use of linkage analysis in gene Mapping

UNIT 2

GENETICS 2

(15 lectures)

- **Sex Determination in Man**
 - Red herrings along the way
 - The Sry story
- **Sex determination in Drosophila Melanogaster**
- **Chromosomal aberrations**
 - Deletion, Duplication, Translocation, Inversion, non-disjunction, fragile X
- **DNA mutations**
 - Transition, Transversion, Insertion, Deletion, Frame shift
- **DNA Replication**
 - Models of DNA replication, Hershey Chase experiment
 - Molecules and Mechanism in Prokaryotes
 - Molecules and Mechanism in Eukaryotes



St. Xavier's College – Autonomous Mumbai

Syllabus For IV Semester Courses in Zoology (November 2018 onwards)

Contents:

Theory Syllabus for Courses:

S.Zoo.4.01- Developmental Biology and Information Flow

S.Zoo.4.02 - Cell Biology

S.Zoo.4.03 – Biochemistry and Applied Zoology

Practical Syllabus for Course: S.Zoo.4.PR

S.Y.B.Sc. Zoology

S.ZOO.4.01

DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY AND INFORMATION FLOW

Learning Objectives:

- This course aims at laying strong foundation for developmental biology with regard to the principles and the study of model organisms.
- This course lays the basic framework for transcription and translation

UNIT 1

DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY 1

(15 lectures)

Introduction to developmental biology

- Early theories of Developmental biology
- Concept of model organisms

Model Organisms: A closer look

- Amphibians: *Xenopus laevis*
- Birds: Chicken
- Mammals: Mouse
- Invertebrate: *Drosophila melanogaster*
- Invertebrate: *Caenorhabditis elegans*

Regeneration: Remembering previous existence

- Limb regeneration: Salamander
- Regeneration in Hydra

UNIT 2

DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY 2

(15 lectures)

Body Plan: Setting up the vertebrate body axes

- Animal vegetal axis : Amphibians
- Dorsal ventral axis: Amphibians
- Antero-posterior axis: Chick

Fertilization: The Genesis

- Concept of fertilization
- Fertilizin, Resact, ZP3
- Slow and fast block to polyspermy

Morphogenesis

- Cleavage: Holoblastic and Meroblastic
- Blastulation: *Drosophila*, Frog, Chick
- Gastrulation: *Drosophila*, Frog, Chick

UNIT 3

INFORMATION FLOW

(15 lectures)

DNA transcription:

- RNA polymerase and Transcription Cycle
- Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic transcription
- Post-transcriptional modifications
- Regulation

Translation:

- Genetic Code
- Main players in translation
- Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic translation
- Regulation

Recommended References:

1. Principles of developmental Biology: Lewis Wolpert. 3rd ed. Oxford University Press
2. Developmental Biology: Scott Gilbert. 10th ed. Sinauer associates
3. Molecular Biology of the Gene: Watson et al. Pearson International Ed.
4. Molecular Biology: Robert Weaver.
5. Mark's Basic Medical Biochemistry: A clinical Approach: Leiberman and Marks. 4th ed. Lippincott, Williams and Wilkins

CIA modalities:

CIA I – Short answers for 5 marks each with options

CIA II – Multiple choice questions /Presentations/Assignments

Practical Course:

1. Chick embryo permanent slides (18, 24, 36, 48, 72 hours)
2. Blastula of Frog, Gastrula of Frog
3. Egg of Frog, Bird, reptile, Fish
4. Temporary preparation of Chick embryo
5. Temporary preparation of Drosophila embryo
6. Regeneration in hydra
7. Understanding Transcription and Translation using presence and absence of antibiotic markers

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S.Y.B.Sc. Zoology

S.ZOO.4.02

CELL BIOLOGY

Learning Objectives:

- To learn fundamental biochemical and physiological concepts that governs cell function and its application to understand health and disease.

UNIT 1

INTRODUCTION MEMBRANES AND ENDOMEMBRANE SYSTEMS (15 lectures)

- Introduction to basic cell structure
- Membrane structure ,Transport through membranes Diffusion and Facilitated Diffusion
- Osmosis, Active transport, Bulk transport.
- Endo membrane systems-Endoplasmic reticulum Types of Endoplasmic reticulum and Functions
- Golgi-complex and cell secretion
- Lysosomes – types of lysosome and function

UNIT 2

CELL ENERGETICS AND REGULATION (15 lectures)

- Mitochondria: Structure and ATP Synthesis
- Nuclear structure-Nuclear envelope, Nuclear Pore complex, Nucleolus
- Chromatin structure and compaction
- Giant chromosomes - Polytene chromosomes and Lampbrush chromosomes

UNIT 3

CELL CYCLE AND CANCER BIOLOGY (15 lectures)

- Cell cycle – regulation of cell cycle
- Cell division- Mitosis and Meiosis
- Cell culture - Primary cell culture, organ culture , cell lines, cell viability
- Cancer Biology: Cancer and Types of Cancer, Characteristics of Cancer Cells
- Carcinogens: Physical, Chemical and Biological
- Genes and Cancer: Oncogenes and Tumor Suppressor Genes

Recommended References:

1. Molecular cell Biology Harvey Lodish David Baltimore Arnold Berk et al Scientific American books
2. Cell Biology, Genetics and Evolution By Verma and Aggarwal S.Chand Publication
3. Cell Biology by Pollard
4. The World of Cell Wayne M. Becker, Lewis J. Kliensmith Jeff Hardin Pearson Publication
5. Principles of Anatomy and Physiology Gerald J Tortora and Sandra Reynolds Grabowski Harper and Row Publisher
6. Biology of Disease Jonathan Phillips and Paul Murray Published by Blackwell science Ltd

CIA modalities:

CIA I – Short answers for 5 marks each with options

CIA II – Multiple choice questions /Presentations/Assignments

Practical Course:

1. Study of Osmosis using Erythrocytes
2. Electron micrographs of ER, Golgi Complex, Lysosomes and Mitochondria
3. Vital staining of Mitochondrion
4. Study of Mitosis using Onion Root Tip
5. Study of polytene chromosomes from Chironomous larvae
6. Shell less embryo culture
7. Characteristics of Cancer Cells – Slides / Electron Micrographs
8. Primary Cell Culture / Cell Line Culture
9. Identification of the stages of Mitosis and Prophase I of Meiosis

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S.Y.B.Sc. Zoology

S.ZOO.4.03

BIOCHEMISTRY AND APPLIED ZOOLOGY

Learning Objectives:

- To emphasize the commercial aspect of the pure science of zoology
- To learn the various commercial applications of zoology
- To learn concepts used in biochemistry and their applications

UNIT 1

BIOCHEMISTRY

(15 lectures)

- Molecular structure of water: tetrahedral geometry, Hydrogen bond and flickering→ clusters, macromolecular association
- Physical and chemical properties of water: Density, specific heat, heat of vaporization,→ heat of fusion, surface tension. Hydrogen bonds with solutes. Interaction with non-polar compounds. Water as a reactant.
- Ionization of water, Kw ion product of water, pH scale.
- Dissociation of weak acids and weak bases, pKa,
- Henderson – Hasselbach equation.
- Titration curves of weak acids
- Buffers in biological system

UNIT 2

METABOLISM

(15 lectures)

- Physiologic regulation
- Carbohydrate metabolism
- Lipid metabolism
- Nitrogen and Amino Acid Metabolism
- Metabolic Integration, Adaptation and Disease

UNIT 3

APPLIED ZOOLOGY

(15 lectures)

- Introduction to fisheries – Types of fisheries and recent techniques- SONAR, GPS, Remote Sensing
- Fish uses and fish processing industries
- Dairy Science – including cattle diseases
- Aquaculture – Prawn culture, Pearl culture, Fish culture (including fish diseases) and fish vaccines

Recommended References:

1. Biochemistry - Lehninger
2. Biochemistry – Harper
3. Biochemistry 4th ed – Satyanarayana and Chakrapani. Elsevier pulication
4. A text book of Animal Husbandry – G.C. Banerjee. Oxford Publishers.
5. Infectious Diseases of Cattle – Deb, Chakraborty, Singh, Kumar, Sharma. Satish Serial Publication House
6. General and Applied Ichthyology: Fish and Fisheries – SK Gupta & PC Gupta. S. Chand Publishers
7. Economic Zoology – Sagarika Chaudhari. NCBA Publishers
8. Biochemical Calculations 2nd ed.– Irwin Segel. Wiley India Pvt Ltd
9. Fish Processing Technology & Product Development – A.S. Ninawe & K. Rathnakumar. Narendra Publishing House
10. Advancement in Fish, Fisheries and Technology – K P Biswas. Narendra Publishing House
11. Textbook of Fish Diseases – Erwin Amlacher. Narendra Publishing House

CIA modalities:

CIA I – Short answers for 5 marks each with options

CIA II – Multiple choice questions /Presentations/Assignments

Practical Course:

1. Identification of: Crafts and gears.
2. Identification of: Fish, Crustaceans and Molluscs.
3. Estimation of reducing sugars from the given milk sample.
4. Estimation of calcium content in milk.
5. Study of cattle breeds.
6. pH metry
7. Study of Colorimeter
8. Preparation of Buffers and pKa
9. Biometric study in Fish

Field Trip: Visit to KKV Dapoli and nearby Fish landing sites

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St. Xavier's College – Autonomous Mumbai

Syllabus For V Semester Courses in Zoology (June 2018 onwards)

Contents:

Theory Syllabus for Courses:

S.Zoo.5.01 – Ontogeny of Vertebrates, Behavioural Ecology
and Conservation Biology

S.Zoo.5.02 – Physiological Adaptations

S.Zoo.5.AC– Insect Taxonomy and Applied Entomology

Practical Course Syllabus for: S.Zoo.5. PR and S.Zoo.5.AC.PR

T.Y. B.Sc. Zoology

S.ZOO. 5.01

**ONTOGENY OF VERTEBRATES, BEHAVIOURAL ECOLOGY AND
CONSERVATION BIOLOGY**

Learning Objectives:

- To comprehend the development and modifications of some vertebrate systems.
- To understand the behavioural and distribution patterns of animals and interpret formulation of conservation strategies.

UNIT 1

ONTOGENY OF VERTEBRATE SYSTEMS

(15 Lectures)

- Integumentary system
- Circulatory system
- Urinogenital system

UNIT 2

BEHAVIOURAL ECOLOGY

(15 Lectures)

- Sexual selection
- Mating systems
- Parental care

UNIT 3

POPULATION AND COMMUNITY ECOLOGY

(15 Lectures)

- Population growth curves, factors affecting population growth.
- Life tables and survivorship curves, r and k strategies, Ecological succession.
- Social interactions, Parasitism and Predation

UNIT 4

ZOOGEOGRAPHY AND CONSERVATION BIOLOGY

(15 Lectures)

- Zoogeographic realms, Biogeographic classification of the Indian subcontinent, Means of dispersal and Barriers to dispersal.
- Island Biogeography, Wildlife Tourism and Wildlife Forensics.
- History of Conservation Biology, Population Management and Restoration (case studies)

Recommended References:

1. Conservation Biology- Fred Van Dyke, Springer.
2. Wildlife Tourism- D.Newsome, R.Dowling, Susan Moore, Channel View Publication.
3. Conservation Biology- Scott P.Caroll and Charles Fox, Oxford University Press.
4. Comparative Anatomy of Vertebrates- George C.Kent, Mosby Year Book.
5. Elements of Chordate Anatomy- Charles K.Weichert, McGraw Hill Publication.
6. Behavioural Ecology- E.Danchin,L.A.Giraldeau, Frank Cezilly, Oxford University Press.
7. Atlas of World Wildlife- Sir J Huxley, Mitchell Beazely Publishers Limited
8. Behavioural Ecology- J.R. Krebs and N.B. Davies, Blackwell Scientific Publications
9. Animal Behaviour- John Alcock, Sinauer Associates, Inc.
10. Ecology- Eugene Odum.
11. Encyclopedia of Endangered Animals- A.J.Beer and P.Morris, Grange Books.
12. Ecology- Theories and Applications- Peter Stiling, Prentice-Hall of India.
13. Wildlife Forensics – Jane Huffman and John Wallace, Wiley-Backwell.
14. The wildlife detectives – Donna Jackson - Houghton Mifflin Harcourt Publishing Company

CIA modalities:

CIA I – Short answers for 5 marks each with options

CIA II – Multiple choice questions

Practical Course:

1. Comparative study of the skull and girdles of frog, varanus, bird and rabbit.
2. Dissection of brain of chicken
3. Mountings of Columella of chicken, Hyoid of chicken
4. Identification of integumentary derivatives: feathers, scales (reptile), claw (bird/reptile/mammal), hooves (horse/cattle), horn, antler and teeth.
5. Mounting of epidermal derivatives (hair and fur)
6. Mounting of fish scales: placoid, cycloid, ctenoid.
7. Study of distinctive fauna of zoogeographic realms, and conservation status of the same
8. Study the response of housefly/cockroach to light.
9. Measure the Turbidity, and Conductivity of a given water sample.
10. Estimation of Population density (Sub-sampling of Daphnia and mark-recapture method).
11. Rapid field tests for sulphates, nitrates and base deficiency in different soil samples.
12. Calculation of life expectancy using life tables

Field Trip: A long excursion to any National Park / Sanctuary for Unit 4

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T.Y.B.Sc. Zoology

S.ZOO. 5.02

PHYSIOLOGICAL ADAPTATIONS

Learning Objectives:

- The aim of this module is to encourage an awareness of the physiological nature of life.
- To develop an understanding of form, function and adaptation in organ systems central to the maintenance of life and interaction with the environment.
- As an inter-disciplinary approach to the subject there is need to understand adaptations not only on the Earth but also in the space.

UNIT 1

ENVIRONMENT, ADAPTATIONS AND SCALING

(15 Lectures)

- **Environment and physiological changes**
 - Respiration**
 - Partial pressures
 - Effects of diving and altitude
 - Coping with hypoxia and anoxia
 - Blood**
 - Composition of blood
 - Formed Elements
 - Clotting mechanism
- **Animal Adaptations and Scaling**
 - Adaptation at a molecular and genomic level
 - Signal transduction
 - Signals (ligands)
 - Receptors
 - Mediators
 - Scaling
 - Isometric and allometric
 - Scaling of metabolic rate and locomotion

UNIT 2

ASTROBIOLOGY AND PHYSIOLOGICAL ADAPTATIONS IN SPACE CONDITIONS

(15 lectures)

- **Basic Astrobiology**
 - Introduction
 - Basic Astronomy
 - Early Earth Conditions
 - Origin and Evolution of Life on the Earth
 - Habitable zones
 - Detection of exoplanets and SETI

➤ **Space biology**

- Revision of human physiology
- Effect of space conditions on human physiology
- Problems faced by Astronauts and solutions

UNIT 3

OSMOREGULATION AND THERMOREGULATION

(15 lectures)

➤ **Osmoregulation**

- Regulation in aquatic environments (marine and freshwater),
- Regulation in terrestrial environments
 - Evaporative water loss
 - Salt water ingestion and salt excretion
 - Metabolic water
 - Behavioral adaptations
- Osmoregulation in extreme environments
 - Aquatic: transient water bodies and osmotically peculiar environments
 - Terrestrial: hot and cold deserts

➤ **Thermoregulation**

- Patterns of body temperature and temperature tolerance,
- Heat exchange
 - Conduction
 - Convection
 - Radiation
- Temperature regulation in ectotherms
- Temperature regulation in endotherms
 - Concept of critical temperatures
 - Heat gain
 - Heat Loss
- Life in temperature extremes

UNIT 4

PHYSIOLOGY OF REPRODUCTION

(15 lectures)

➤ **Human Reproductive Systems**

- Male System
 - Anatomy and histology of the testes
 - Endocrine regulation of the male system
- Female System
 - Anatomy and histology of the ovary
 - Endocrine regulation of the female system

➤ **Breeding cycles**

- Menstrual cycle
- Ovarian cycle
- Oestrous cycle in rats and dogs

Recommended References:

1. Molecular Biology of the Cell: Harvey Lodish, David Baltimore et al., Scientific American Books
2. Comparative Animal Physiology: P.C. Withers, Thomson Publishing Co.
3. Comparative Animal Physiology: Knut, Schmidt-Neilson, Cambridge
4. Principles of Anatomy and Physiology: G. J. Tortora and S.R. Grabowski, Harper Row Publishers
5. Human Physiology, Vol I: Chatterjee, Central Book Agency
6. Environmental Physiology of Animals: Pat Wilmer and Stone Graham, Blackwell publishers.
7. An Introduction to Astrobiology Edited by Iain Gilmour and Mark Sephton (2004). Cambridge University Press.

CIA modalities:

CIA I – Short answers for 5 marks each with options

CIA II – Multiple choice questions

T.Y. B.Sc. Applied Component

S.ZOO. 5.AC

INSECT TAXONOMY AND APPLIED ENTOMOLOGY

Learning Objectives:

- To understand insect classification and nomenclature of insects
- To study the working of insect systems
- To understand their adaptations to the environment
- To look into some commercial applications of entomology.

UNIT 1

CLASSIFICATION OF COMMON INSECTS

(15 Lectures)

- General characteristics, with examples and economic importance of the following orders:
 - Thysanura
 - Lepidoptera
 - Hemiptera
 - Coleoptera
 - Diptera
 - Orthoptera
 - Dictyoptera

UNIT 2

MORPHOLOGY AND ANATOMY

(15 Lectures)

- Morphology and modifications of Mouth-Parts, Antennae, Wings and Legs
- An Outline of the Anatomy of Insects
 - Digestive and Excretory system
 - Circulatory and Respiratory system
 - Nervous and Endocrine system
 - Reproductive system
 - Effect of environment on insect development and behaviour
- Metamorphosis in insects

UNIT 3

INSECTS OF COMMERCIAL IMPORTANCE

(15 lectures)

- Honey Bee (Apiculture)
- Silk Moth (Sericulture)
- Lac Insect (Lac culture)
- *Lytta* sps [blister beetles] (Cantharidine)
- *Dactylopius coccus* (Cochneal bug)

UNIT 4

SOCIAL LIFE OF INSECTS

(15 lectures)

- Honey Bee
- Termites
- Wasps



St. Xavier's College – Autonomous Mumbai

Syllabus For VI Semester Courses in Zoology (November 2018 onwards)

Contents:

Theory Syllabus for Courses:

S.Zoo.6.01 – Basics of Enzymes, Toxicology and Histology

S.Zoo.6.02 – Immunology and DNA Recombinant Technology

S.Zoo.6.AC– Economic Entomology – II

Practical Course Syllabus for: S.Zoo.6. PR and S.Zoo.6.AC.PR

T.Y.B.Sc. Zoology

S.ZOO. 6.01

BASIC STUDY OF ENZYMES, TOXICOLOGY, HISTOLOGY AND NANOSCIENCE

Learning Objectives:

- To understand the classification and functions of enzymes.
- To study the various effects of toxic substances in our body.
- To understand the structure and function of some of the glands in our body.
- To learn basics of nano-particles.

UNIT 1

ENZYMES

(15 lectures)

- Introduction to enzymes
 - Definition
 - Structure of enzyme
 - Mechanism of enzyme action
 - Specificity of enzymes
- Classification Of Enzymes
- Factors affecting enzyme activity
 - pH
 - Temperature
 - Substrate concentration
 - Enzyme substrate
 - Inhibitors:
 - Types of Inhibitors
 - Feedback Inhibition
 - Allosteric Regulation and Inhibition
- Enzyme Kinetics – Michaelis Menten Equation and significance of K_m and V_{max}
- Enzyme Induction and Repression – Lac Operon Model

UNIT 2

BASICS OF TOXICOLOGY

(15 lectures)

- Introduction To Toxicology
 - Definition of toxicology, toxicant, toxicity, LC_{50} , LD_{50}
 - Measurements of toxicants and toxicity
- Class of chemicals of toxic importance
 - Sources of toxic compounds
 - Absorption and distribution of toxicants
 - Routes of absorption in mammals
 - Distribution of a Toxicant
- Toxicodynamics
- Metabolism of toxicants
- Applications of toxicology
- Histology of Liver and its role in toxicity study

UNIT 3

HISTOLOGY OF ENDOCRINE AND EXOCRINE GLANDS (15 lectures)

- Embryological origin, histological structure, blood supply, nervous supply, functions and abnormalities of Pituitary, Adrenal, Thyroid, Parathyroid, Kidney and Pancreas.

UNIT 4

BASICS OF NANOSCIENCE

(15 lectures)

- Introduction to nanotechnology and nanoscience
- Types of nanoscale materials
- Techniques used in synthesis of nanoscale materials
- Stabilization of nanoparticles and capping agents
- Characterization methods to study nanomaterials
- Applications of nanomaterials

Recommended References

1. Biochemistry - Lehninger
2. Biochemistry – Harper
3. Biochemistry – Conn and Stumpf
4. Biochemistry – Deb
5. Biochemistry – Satyanarayan
6. Histology – Baileys
7. Histology – Lange
8. Anatomy and Physiology – Tortora
9. Toxicology – Casarett and Doull's
10. Modern toxicology – Hodgson Levi
11. Fundamentals of toxicology – Pandey, Shukla, Trivedi
12. Diseases of the liver and biliary system – Blackwell
13. Nanoscale Science and Technology – Kelsall, Hamley and Georgehegan
14. A laboratory course in nanoscience and nanotechnology
15. Nanotechnology – Jeremy Ramsden
16. Nanotechnology application and markets – Lawrence Gasmen
17. Nanotechnologies Hazards and Resource Efficiency - Steinfeldt

CIA modalities:

CIA I – Short answers for 5 marks each, with options

CIA II – Multiple choice questions

Practical Course:

1. Estimation of proteins from the given tissue sample
2. Effect of varying pH on Acid Phosphatase activity.
3. Effect of Inhibitor (Competitive Inhibitor- KH_2PO_4) on Acid Phosphatase activity.
4. Effect of varying Enzyme Concentration on Acid Phosphatase activity.
5. Effect of a given pesticide on the heart beat of Daphnia.
6. To find the specific activity of GOT in the liver of rat/mouse.
7. To find the specific activity of GPT in the liver of rat/mouse.
8. Bio synthesis of Silver nano particles
9. Synthesis of Carbon nano particles
10. Identification of the histological structure of the following glands:
 - a) Pituitary
 - b) Adrenal
 - c) Thyroid
 - d) Parathyroid
 - e) Liver
 - f) Kidney
 - g) Pancreas



T.Y. B.Sc. Zoology

S.ZOO. 6.02

IMMUNOLOGY AND RECOMBINANT DNA TECHNOLOGY

Learning Objectives:

- To understand the functioning of the immune system and to know the molecules of the immune system
- To understand how the immune system counters pathogens we come across on a daily basis
- To teach students the power of recombinant DNA and strategies that are used by modern science to create the same

UNIT 1

IMMUNOLOGY 1

(15 lectures)

- Structure of Antibodies
 - Structure of different classes of Antibodies
 - Hinge region, Light chain, heavy chain
 - Proteolytic cleavage of an antibody by papain and pepsin
- Antigen Processing and Presentation
- ELISA – Indirect, Sandwich and Competitive
- Antigens: Study of Antigenic properties
 - Concept of antigens and immunogens, Haptens
 - Properties of an antigen
 - Properties of a host cell which helps in antigen detection
 - Concept of Haptens and its uses in immunology

UNIT 2

IMMUNOLOGY 2

(15 lectures)

- Hypersensitivity reactions (type I to IV)
 - Type I (Allergic reaction)
 - Type II
 - Type III
 - Type IV (DTH)
- Vaccines
 - Active and Passive immunization (herd immunity) and the need for Immunization
 - Types of vaccines – Attenuated, Recombinant vaccines, DNA vaccines, multivalent subunit vaccines
- Organs of the immune system: Spleen, Lymph and Thymus
- Transplant biology

- Immune evasion by parasites
 - Malaria
 - Leishmania

UNIT 3

RECOMBINANT DNA TECHNOLOGY 1

(15 lectures)

- Restriction Enzymes and their types
 - Concept of RE's
 - Type I, Type II, Type III
- Cutting and Joining DNA – Restriction/Modification system and ligation techniques
 - Mechanism of Restriction (type II)
 - Restriction modification system
 - Ligation reactions and mechanisms of ligation

UNIT 4

RECOMBINANT DNA TECHNOLOGY 2

(15 lectures)

- Cloning strategies
 - Blunt end ligation, Sticky end ligation
 - Homopolymer tailing, Adapter based ligation
 - Screening strategies: Insertional inactivation, gel mobility shift assay, PCR based screening
- Transformation strategies
 - Introduction to transformation
 - CaCl₂ based transformation strategy
 - Electroporation based transformation strategy
 - Virus based transformation strategy

Recommended References:

1. Kuby Immunology 7ed. – Owen, Punt, Stranford. MacMillan public education (Int. Ed)
2. Janeway's Immunology 9th ed - Kenneth Murphy & Casey Weaver. Garland Science publishers
3. Recombination DNA: Genes and genomes a short course – Watson, Myers. W.H.Freeman and Co.
4. Immunity to Parasites: How parasitic infections are controlled – Derek Wakelin. Cambridge University press
5. Roitt's Essential Immunology 11th ed– Delves P, Martin S, Burton D, Roitt I. Blackwell Publishing
6. Immunology 2ed – C.V.Rao. Narosa Publication
7. Molecular Biology of the Cell – Alberts et al. Garland Science
8. Molecular cell Biology – Lodish et al. Freeman Publishers

9. Principles of gene manipulation and Genomics 7th ed- Sandy Primrose and Richard Twyman. Wiley Blackwell Publishers

CIA modalities:

CIA I – Short answers for 5 marks each, with options

CIA II – Multiple choice questions

Practical Course:

1. ELISA (Sandwich ELISA)
2. Agglutination and precipitation reactions (Blood grouping and Rheumatoid arthritis)
3. Plasmid Isolation (pUC 18/ pUC 19) and Electrophoresis
4. Electrophoresis of serum proteins
5. Study of various kinds of vectors used: Plasmids, Cosmids, BACs, YACs
6. Restriction mapping and problems on the same
7. Restriction digestion of plasmid DNA using any two restriction enzymes
8. Transformation
9. Identification of glands of immunological significance – Thymus, Lymph gland and Spleen
10. Project or Model Making

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T.Y.B.Sc. Applied Component

S.ZOO.6.AC

PEST MANAGEMENT (IRM) AND FORENSIC ENTOMOLOGY

Learning Objectives:

- To understand the role of insects in crime investigation.
- To study the various measures used to control pests.
- To understand the value of insects and the role they play in the lives of human beings.
- To appreciate the intricacies of the social life of insects.

UNIT 1

FORENSIC ENTOMOLOGY & INSECT PLANT INTERACTION

(15 Lectures)

- Brief mention of common insects of forensic importance (Flies and Beetles)
- Collection of entomological evidence (Preservation and handling of maggots) and other climatological data during crime investigation and analysis of entomological evidence and calculation of PMI (Post Mortem Index) using maggot age and insect succession
- Insect Plant interaction – Role of wild pollinators

UNIT 2

PEST MANAGEMENT

(15 Lectures)

- Chemical control and insecticide resistance
- Biological control and Integrated Pest Management
- Pests of Veterinary, Agriculture and Medical importance

UNIT 3

INSECT COLOURS AND MIMICRY

(15 Lectures)

- Pigment production in insects
- Mechanisms and types of iridescence in insects
- Mimicry
 - Batesian Mimicry
 - Mullerian Mimicry
 - Mertensian Mimicry

- Biomimicry
 - Mirasol display tech- & camouflage gear – inspired by animals that produce structural colour
 - Mimicking the termite mound structure - buildings with temperature regulation

UNIT 4

INSECT COMMUNICATION

(15 Lectures)

- Sound
- Light
- Pheromones

Recommended References:

1. General and Applied Entomology-David and Ananthkrishnan, Tata McGraw Hill.
2. Applied Entomology-V.B.Awasthi, Scientific Publication.
3. Agricultural Pests and their control- V.B.Awasthi, Scientific Publication.
4. A manual of Practical Entomology- M.M Trigunayat, Scientific Publication.
5. Applied Entomology- Alka Prakash, and Fennemore, New Age Publishers.
6. Laboratory manual of Entomology- Alka Prakash, New Age Publishers.
7. Entomology and Pest Management- Larry.P.Pedigo and Rice, Pearson Education.
8. Destructive and Useful Insects- Metcalf and Flint, McGraw Hill Publication.
9. Insect Year Book of Agriculture- American Agriculture Department Publication.
10. Public Health Pests- N.R.H.Burgess, Chapman and Hall.

CIA modalities:

CIA I – Short answers for 5 marks each, with options

CIA II – Multiple choice questions

Practical Course:

1. Identification of harmful insects: Grasshopper, locust, Cotton bug, Oxwarble, Horsebot, green bottle fly, Pea weevil, Flour beetle, Rice Weevil, Rice Moth, Mosquitos- (anopheles, aedes, culex), Sand fly, Tsetse fly, Horse bot, Pink ball worm
2. Identification of castes in Ants: Reproductives, worker and Soldier
3. Mounting of mouthparts, sting and legs of honeybee.
4. Identification of insects with respect to mode of communication: Cicada, Firefly and Moth.
5. Identification of insects of forensic importance: Fleshfly, Blowfly, Clown beetle, and Rove beetle, Hide beetle.
6. Study of LC₅₀ of Nicotine on a suitable organism (mosquito larvae, chironomous larvae or daphnia).
7. Effect of Fumigants on stored grain pest
8. Identification and working of food lure and pheromone trap
9. Identification of biological control agents: Ichneumon wasp, Lady bird beetle and Red ant.
10. Project or model making

Field Trip: Visit to Central Bee Research Institute Pune / Kokan Krishi Vidyapeeth Dapoli/ Bee keeping Centre, Mahabaleshwar



St. Xavier's College – Autonomous Mumbai

Syllabus For IV Semester Cross Faculty Course in Zoology (November 2018 onwards)

Contents:

Theory Syllabus for Cross Faculty Course:

SPC.4.01 – Secret Lives of Animals (SLA)

S.Y. CROSS FACULTY COURSE

SPC. 4.01

SECRET LIVES OF ANIMALS

Learning Objectives:

- To develop an understanding of evolutionary theories which form the basis of all biological sciences.
- To appreciate the intricacies of the social life of animals.
- To understand how animals adapt to extreme environments.

SECRET LIVES OF ANIMALS

UNIT 1

EVOLUTION: A WALK WITH NATURE

15 lectures

- Brief introduction to the concept of evolution and Theory in science
- Factors affecting Evolution:
 - Natural Selection, Mutation, Genetic Drift (Bottle neck effect), Migration
- Microevolution and Co-evolution
- Zombies of the animal kingdom

UNIT 2

SOCIAL ANIMALS

15 lectures

- Social organization in animals
- Invertebrate animal societies
- Vertebrate animal societies

UNIT 3

SURVIVAL STRATEGIES

15 lectures

- Life without water
- The hot club
- Cold lazarus

REFERENCES

1. The Ancestor's Tale by Richards Dawkins
2. What Evolution is by Ernst Mayr
3. Evolution by Strickberger
4. Environmental Physiology of Animals by Pat Wilmer and Stone Graham
5. Life at the Limits by David Wharton
6. Unlocking Nature's Secrets by Michael Bright
7. Survival Strategies by Raghavendra Gadagkar
8. The Wisdom of the Hive by Thomas D Seeley
9. Sociobiology by E.O. Wilson
10. The Triumph of Sociobiology by John Alcock

CIA modalities:

CIA I – Short answers for 5 marks each, with options

CIA II – Assignments

STUDENT STRENGTH:

40 students (**NB:** If the number exceeds 40, it will not be possible to conduct a field trip.)
